

A gentleman once made a very witty reply to one who asserted that he did not believe there was a truly honest man in the whole world. "Sir," said he, "it is quite impossible that one man should know the whole world; but it is quite possible that some one may know himself."

CHERAW GAZETTE

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1887.

A circular has been issued from Athens, Ga. signed by Wm. Deering, H. Bowdoin, J. Camack, Thos. W. Baptes, A. Hull, A. S. Clayton and Wilson Lumpkin, inviting a convention of southern and western merchants to be held in Augusta, on the third Monday in October, for the purpose of taking into consideration the expediency of becoming their own importers and exporters.

The Camden Courier announced a fatal encounter which occurred in that town on the 5th inst. between Mr. Eldridge Brown and Mr. Francis S. Bronson. Both parties were armed. Brown, the assailant, discharged his pistol first without effect. Bronson fired two pistols in succession; the ball of the first entered the shoulder, and that of the second the eye of Brown who died in less than an hour. The frequent occurrence of such outrageous violence in our country speaks badly for the state of public sentiment in regard to them. Bronson is admitted to bail.

A society has been organized at Unionville in this State to suppress gambling.

Since the suspension of specie payments six millions of dollars have been exported.

Congressional Election.—In the Tarborough district of North Carolina, Mr. Stanley (W.) has a majority of 300 over Mr. Mosby (V.E.) in five counties heard from. The remaining county it is supposed will increase the majority.

A slip from the Fayetteville Observer states that in Cumberland, Deberry (Whig) received 300 votes, Bethune (V.B.) 269; in Robeson, Deberry 343, Bethune 545. A verbal report from Moore gives Bethune a majority of about 350 in that county. Deberry is most probably elected. In the Halifax district, J. A. Byram (V.B.) is re-elected. In the Newbern district, Mr. Shephard, Whig, is elected by a majority of about 500 over the administration candidate. Both the Tarboro and Newbern districts were represented in the last Congress by friends of the administration. In the Wilmington district General McKay is no doubt re-elected over his opponent Gen. Miller, both administration men. In the Greenville district, Hawkins (V.B.) is re-elected. In the Raleigh district, result doubtful. In Wake county, Graham, Whig, received a majority of 53 votes over Dr. Montgomery, the present member.

ANSON ELECTION.	
For Congress,	
Deberry,	1020
Bethune,	220
For Clerk of Sup. Court,	
Jos. A. M' Rae,	1020
D. Grady,	110
For Clerk of County Court,	
N. D. Boggan,	735
Thos. H. Tomlinson,	322

Fire.—A destructive fire occurred at New Haven, Conn. on the night of August 1st, which like most other fires is ascribed very confidently to an incendiary, on what authority is not stated.

Steam Car Accident.—A steam car which was propelled by a locomotive in the rear on a road in New Jersey, became separated from the locomotive and was driven off the track. Two persons instantly jumped out and were both killed, one by the car and the other by the locomotive. None of those remaining in the car were injured.

Another Steam Boat Accident.—The steamboat Charlton burst her boiler near St. Louis on the 27th ult. by which some ten persons were scalded, some badly. Two persons were thrown into the river, and one of them said to be drowned.

Niles' Register is about to be removed to Washington city.

Bayle Peyton, late a member of Congress from Tennessee, has removed to N. Orleans to engage in the practice of law in that city.

Hickory Leaves.—During the former suspension of specie payments, bank bills were called "rag money" and "shin plasters," they are now denominated in the western country Hickory leaves, in allusion to Old Hickory as the cause of their fallen value.

A merchant in New York recently taking it into his head that the might as well make money as some others who were doing it, issued his promises to pay to the amount of 400 dollars in change, but before he was aware of it, had redeemed such promises to the amount of \$600; the two hundred extra, being made by others in his name. The counterfeits were so much like his own that he could not distinguish them. So finding money making not so profitable as he had expected he abandoned the business.

Contents of the Farmer & Gardener for Aug. 8. Culture of the Sugar Beet by Dr. Mues; failure of an attempt to form an agricultural society in Caroline county, Md.; encouraging prospects of the Cotton crop; information asked relative to the use of Lime, &c. with a reply by the Editor; Manuring by a process of Cow-punging; hints and notes on the weight of wheat and; Alderney and other cattle; on raising morus multicaulis trees; on Mahures in the south; propagating the peach; to cure broken limbs of animals; on the manufacture of beet root sugar; advertisements, and prices current.

For the Cheraw Gazette.
DARLINGTON COURT HOUSE,
August 7th, 1887.

The citizens of Darlington-District assembled this day in the Court House, agreeably to previous notice, in order to do funeral honors to the late GENL EVANDER R. McIVER. The meeting was organized by calling Maj. Wm. H. Cannon to the Chair, and A. D. Sims was appointed Secretary. On motion of George W. Dargan, Esq., the citizens of neighboring Districts present were invited to take part in the proceedings of the meeting; and on motion of Dr. E. C. Park, the following committee was appointed by the Chairman, to prepare and report a preamble and resolutions: Dr. E. C. Park, Elias D. Law, John W. Lide, John Griggs (or Marjion) and P. C. Coggs. The committee, after retiring a few moments returned, and through their Chairman reported the following preamble and resolutions, which after a suitable and affecting address by George W. Dargan, Esq., were unanimously adopted.

It has pleased God in his wisdom to remove from us by death our friend and esteemed fellow citizen, GENL E. R. McIVER. To this afflicting dispensation of his providence we would wish humbly to submit. But who among us was prepared for the stroke? On whose ear did the melancholy tidings rest without exciting the deepest feelings of sorrow and regret. So long had he been identified with every thing connected with our interest and happiness as a community, so long had we known and estimated his worth, and so long had we admired him in every relation of life, that although he had been absent from us several months, industriously prosecuting his interest in another State, yet we claimed him as our own and feel the calamity to be ours. Our District gave him birth, and would that he had been the mournful privilege of receiving his ashes. Regrets for the dead are unavailing. Our sorrows cannot enter the grave. We can bear to them no comfort—no consolations; nor can our sympathies, no matter how sincere, wipe away the tears of the sorrowing relatives. In testimony, however, of the estimation in which we regarded the man when living, and the regret we feel for his death.

1. Resolved That we deeply lament that dispensation of Divine Providence which has deprived us of our highly esteemed friend and fellow citizen, GENL E. R. McIVER. We will ever cherish the recollection of his virtues of his amiable and gentlemanly deportment, both in the public and private circle. The death has created a void among us, a mournful, a lasting void.

2. Resolved That we sincerely sympathize with his afflicted family in their distressing and irreparable loss.

3. Resolved That a copy of these proceedings be signed by the Chairman and Secretary of this meeting and presented to the family of the deceased.

4. Resolved That the foregoing preamble and resolutions be published in the Charleston Mercury and Courier, the Columbia Telescope and Cheraw Gazette.

WM. H. CANNON, Chairman.

A. D. Sims, Secy.

For the Cheraw Gazette.

DARLINGTON COURT HOUSE,

August 7th, 1887.

At a meeting of the members of the Volunteer Light Infantry Company—"The Darlington Whigs," Capt. Thos. C. Law was called to the Chair, and G. A. McKay, Esq. appointed Secretary. After a few pertinent remarks the following preamble and resolutions were introduced by Julius A. Dargan, Esq. and unanimously adopted.

Whereas it is at all times becoming in the living to pay tribute (justly due) to the dead; to cherish their memories and perpetuate the recollection of their virtues and worth, and of all their amiable qualities. And whereas it has pleased an all-wise and gracious God, by a melancholy dispensation of his providence to remove from time to eternity our former generous, high minded, patriotic and chivalrous Commander, GENL EVANDER R. McIVER, whose character was adorned and dignified by all those qualities so highly calculated to win the love, esteem and confidence of all good men.

Therefore Resolved,

1st. That we have heard, with feelings of the deepest regret, the melancholy intelligence of his death.

2nd. That with feelings of pride we recognize him as the founder and former commander of our company. And although a distant land holds his ashes and no stored ark marks the consecrated spot, yet with us, and by us, his memory shall be cherished as long as the pulse of life shall beat.

3rd. That as a testimonial of our feelings of regret for his loss, we will wear the usual badge of mourning on the left arm for the space of thirty days.

4th. That we deeply sympathize with his bereaved family in their irreparable loss; and that in testimony of the same, a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to them.

5th. That this preamble, with the accompanying resolutions be published in the Charleston Mercury, Columbia Telescope, and Cheraw Gazette.

THOS. C. LAW, Chairman.

GEO. A. MCKAY, Secy.

Contents of the Southern Agriculturist for August, 1887.

ORIGINAL.—A report on the subject of the Epidemic generally denominated Asiatic cholera, or Cholera Asphasia, read before the St. Andrew's Agricultural and Poultry Society, at their Anniversary, by appointment, by R. Leiby, M. D.; concluded; Tuscan Cattle, by R. W. G. D.; Life and Character of Arthur Young; Edmund Ruffin; Acclimating Nursery of Tropical plants, by H. Porin; Horticultural Society; Account of the Crops, by the Editor; Cure for Dropsy.

hetic Machine of Mr. Thomas Devenport. of Brandon, near Rutland, Vt.; Horticulture.—On the system of cropping Kitchen Gardens, adopted by the best private and commercial gardeners, with an attempt to reduce them to fixed principles, by W. D. S.; Culture of Ruta Baga; Forests, Woodland, &c.; Results of Emigration to the West; On the culture of Tea; Lima as a Manure; Sugar Beet; Indications of Bots in Horses; Red Cedar Hedges; Hints on Feeding Horses; Colonel Knapp's Agricultural Speech; Peach Trees; Value of Apples for Stock; Notes on the cultivation of Vineyards in the United States, by A. J. Downing; Practical remarks on Keeping Bees; Preserving Rose Leaves; White Wash; Sugar Beet—its uses.

MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.—Officers of the Horticultural Society of 1887-8; Native Silk Worm of America; Bad effects of Tobacco; Current Wines; Directions for Making do; Stall Feeding & Yarding; Lime; The Beet Root; Dyspepsia; To keep off Bugs; Rail Road Company.

Gen. Egbert's Prophecy.—In 1828 Mr. Bell of Tennessee, who was then in the Jackson ranks, remarked in the course of one of his speeches that the fate of the Adams administration was sealed; nay, that the game was already run down, and that as true huntersmen its opponents had called off the hounds. The following is part of Mr. Everett's reply.

The gentleman, with a liberality which I could not but admire, however little I might be willing to sanction the consciousness of political strength with which he spoke, told us that the joy of the huntsman is in the chase, and then when the game is run down, he calls off the pack, and will not let them mangle the carcass. He cannot expect me to agree with him that the game is run down, but he will agree with me that, of the pack which sprang at the throats of his Administration, there are some whose fangs were already fixed in other game. And is the law of the chase altered? Will not what has been, again be? Believe me, sir, it will; the fate of Acton is no fable here, and scarcely will the gentleman's gallant huntsman—unless some rare felicity of fortune elevate him above the lot of his predecessor—scarcely will he have wound his horn in triumph, when he will find, to his amazement, that he is the game, and some of those who have shared in the triumph of the chase will spring upon him.

"Last week, two islands belonging to the group known as the Thousand Islands, floated from their moorings, and came down the river to this place. The first one, came down on Thursday evening, and was towed in about a mile and a half below the village, where it grounded in about six feet of water. The second made its appearance on Saturday morning, and by the assistance of a favorable wind, was anchored near the brewery of the Messrs. Crochans in the lower part of the village."

"Nothing can be imagined more picturesque, and beautiful than the appearance of these green islands floating upon the bright bosom of our majestic river. The novelty of the sight attracted many persons in boats, who seemed anxious to gain possession of these seemingly 'fairly lies.' They were both covered with a luxuriant growth of grass, one of which has since been mown, and a heavy crop of hay taken therefrom.—Ogdensburg Republican.

From the Washington Globe.

Commodore Dallas has returned from his late cruise along the coast of Mexico, and was at Pensacola, on the 15th inst. Upon his way out he stopped with the fleet under his command off the Brazos de Santiago, for the purpose of demanding the restoration of the captured vessels, in the Champion and John Caesar, which had been carried into that river, and the liberation of their crews. In an interview with General Flores, the Commander in Chief of the northern division of the Mexican army, he was informed by that officer that the capture of those vessels having been disapproved of by the Mexican government, the crews had received instructions to restore the vessel also which he was unable to do, in consequence of their having been previously condemned, and the matter referred to a superior tribunal; but that if they were not then on their return to the United States, it was because no appeal had been taken by the persons interested in the decree of condemnation.

From the Brazos de Santiago, the commodore proceeded to Vera Cruz, where the following correspondence took place between him and Commodore Aldana the commander of the Mexican naval forces.

UNITED STATES FRIGATE CONSTELLATION.

Anchorage off Sacrificion June 28, 1887.

SIR:—On the eve of my departure from this port, I am much pleased at your arrival, as it affords me an opportunity of communicating with you, and ascertain your views in relation to the operations of the naval force under your command, as regards the commerce of the United States with the ports of Mexico and Texas. Being charged with the protection of our commerce in this quarter, it becomes my duty to prevent, by all means in my power any acts which may be considered a violation of the treaty between Mexico and the United States. That the certain articles of that treaty have been infringed by the late commander of the Mexican squadron, in the capture of certain United States merchant vessels cannot admit of a doubt. Having every confidence that you have no disposition to do anything in contravention of the faith of treaties, and law of nations, I would ask of you to give me in writing an assurance that acts similar to those of which we have just reason to complain, will not be repeated by the vessels of the squadron which you have the honor to command. Such an assurance will enable me to give such instructions to the commanders of the several vessels of the squadron under my command as may prevent further difficulty, and at the same time information to my government as to the pacific intentions of the authorities of Mexico, as may be gratifying and lead to the happiest results.

I am with much respect, your obedient servant.

(Signed) A. J. DALLAS.

Commanding United States naval forces in the West Indies and Gulf of Mexico.

To JOSE ALDANA, Esq.

Commander of marine, Vera Cruz.

[Translation.]

Commandancy General of the Marine Department of Vera Cruz.

My satisfaction has not been less than your Excellency's in consequence of the lucky accident of having been able to arrive in time, to show you personally, as well as in this way the pacific intentions entertained by me in regard to the commerce of the United States in conformity with the instructions given me by Supreme Government of my nation. By them I am directed to declare some of the ports of Texas in a state of actual blockade, giving a sufficient time for the commerce of the United States to speculate with a knowledge of that fact; and that mean while, the treaties between the two countries are to be observed in all their parts; all which I will do because it seems to me right, if not also for the purpose of complying with the views of my Government which, as the said instructions show, are most peaceable and just.

My predecessor may have committed some faults, but if those committed by the commander of the Natchez have not exceeded, they have, without doubt, equalled them; wherefore I deem myself obliged to state to you that, on falling in with the subaltern officers of the forces under my command, I shall give them more strict orders not to deviate a little from the expressed intentions of my Government, and I shall further warn them to avoid every cause of collision, but that, whenever an occasion shall arise for a fight, which I neither hope nor fear, to place the natural honor in an advantageous light.

I repeat that I have the best disposition and positive orders from my Government to do nothing contrary to good faith to treaties, and the law of nations; and that I consequently declare that acts similar to the past shall not again occur; and I hope that your excellency's orders to the commanders of the vessels of the squadron under your command, may be such as you promise in the last paragraph of your esteemed communication, not doubting that the results predicted by your excellency will be as fortunate as you may hope, provided that in our conduct, we strive for a frank and faithful character, and considering that we have been acquainted, and have held intercourse with one another for many years as mutual friends.

I have the honor, Mr. Commodore, to express to your excellency on this occasion the consideration of my esteem and perfect friendship. God and Liberty.

Vera Cruz, June 28, 1887.

JOSE ALDANA.

To the Commander of the United States squadron on the Pensacola station.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

August 1, 1887.

In compliance with the resolution of the Senate of the 2d of March last, notice is hereby given that the receipts for the month June, as ascertained and estimated, were:

For customs, about \$213,000

For lands, 680,000

\$893,000

The expenditures during the same month were about \$2,611,003.

Passengers returning.

It is stated that of the passengers lately arrived at New York from British ports in such great numbers, many are returning immediately whence they came.

The ship Eliza Warwick, having on board 250 passengers, sailed Tuesday for Liverpool and the ship Orpheus, with between 100 and 200 sailed for the same destination the next day.

QUESTIONS ARRIVAL.

We learn says the Baltimore Patriot of Aug 8, that the Ann McKim which arrived here yesterday from the Pacific, brings 32 boxes of bullion equal to \$100,000 in specie to Major McKim.

LOST VOYAGE.

The ship Emily Morgan arrived at New Bedford on Friday from the Pacific Ocean, having been absent four years and seventeen days.

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NEW PATENTING POWER.

Dr. Corby, of thereby has patented an invention of his, which we have formerly alluded to in this paper that has fair to supplant almost every other propelling power. By the exertion of 40 lbs. by means of the pendulum and hydrostatic, it multiplies to such a great extent that it produces a power of 400 lbs., which in its turn can produce 4,000 lbs. ad infinitum. The inventor claims to have made the discovery of an entire new principle in mechanism. An application is to be made in the course of a few days, when the invention will be fully tested.—Pittsburg Ad.

The Queen Dowager of England, ADELPHI is said to be laboring under consumption. She is to have an allowance of 100,000 (nearly half a million of dollars) per annum, and Marlborough house to live in.

ANNAPOLIS, (MD.) AUGUST 5.

We learn that a vessel, with a number of passengers, bound from Baltimore to the Cape Meeting in Talbot county, captured, and great number of the passengers were drowned.—Republican.

The erection of an Insane Hospital at Augusta, Maine is rapidly progressing.

The Crops.

A letter from one of our subscribers in Auburn, District of Maine, that the Corn Crops in that vicinity are quite promising—and that the Wheat is very good. The prospects for Cotton are also favorable.

We learn from Cooper River planters, who visited their plantations on Wednesday, that there is every appearance of a fair yield of Rice, and that the Corn generally looks well, having received the benefit of the recent refreshing rains for the want which they had been suffering previously.—Cheraw Contr.

The Paris correspondent of the New York Express states Gen. Cass, in his voyage to the Mediterranean, stopped at Athens, and during his sojourn concluded a commercial treaty with Greece.

VICTOR COPPIN, in his report of the Prussian School system, says that there does not exist a single human being Prussia, who does not receive an education suited to his vocation in life. In 1831, that country with a population 12,796,632 had 2,043,030 children in 22,749 public schools, the number of teachers employed being 27,749.

MOIST STERLING, Ky. July 20, 1837.

Dear Sir: Much excitement prevails in this town in consequence of a most fatal encounter that took place last evening between B. F. Thomas and Wm. White. Albert Thomas and B. Peters were first engaged, and the former was struck by White who also struck B. F. Thomas. B. F. Thomas had a knife in his hand with it stabbed White several times during the affray, though White had previously struck him, and with a chain, or something else; during the contest, broke B. F. Thomas's left arm. White died in a few minutes. He was in the prime of life, and large and athletic, weighing about one hundred and ninety pounds. Willie Roberts, on the part of Peters and George W. Thomas, on the part of the Messrs. Thomas are in custody, and will be tried this day. A perfectly good understanding had heretofore existed between White and Thomas, and I believe that no man more sincerely regrets the fatal catastrophe than B. F. Thomas though under all the circumstances, it is believed by many who saw it he was justifiable.

Tragic Occurrence.

On Saturday last a number of citizens being assembled at Shell Point, in this country, a quarrel arose, weapons were resorted to by several on each side

and we regret to say it resulted in the death of Arthur Mack, Esq., and also of Glasgow, the former by a stab in the abdomen and the latter by a gun shot wound. Three brothers Messrs. Nathaniel W., John and William H. Walker, were also severely wounded, either by knives or gun or pistol shots. The accounts of the cause and circumstances of this horrible affair are so contradictory, that we cannot venture to allude to them.—16.

Dismissing Accident.—On Saturday, the 2d instant while Mr. A. Hinkley, a young gentleman of New Albany, (Indiana) in company with Miss Eliza Goodrich, were riding in a gig on a visit to a friend in this country, when, within about four miles from this town in attempting to water the horse in Middle Creek, were precipitated in, and Miss Goodrich, a beautiful young lady, about 18 years of age was drowned. We understand that every exertion was made by Mr. H. to save her, but without success.

Our advices from London are of a very satisfactory character.

Commercially everything was improving in England, and in a little while her own financial difficulties will be surmounted. Our indebtedness to that country will be liquidated, or at least so far as to convince them that our commercial integrity has gone through the fiery ordeal to which it has been submitted by order of our government, and come out the brighter for the trial—and increased confidence will be the result.—N. Y. Com. Ad.

TALLAHASSEE, JULY 20.

We are informed by a gentleman from St. Joseph, that information had been received at that place of an engagement of Col. Brown's command with the Indians near Florida, near Alapaha, Cape Flamingo of the Franklin volunteers, is said to have behaved very gallantly. He led his little band into the midst of the enemy, and received three wounds, none of which, however, were considered dangerous. His first Lieutenant, Mr. Myers, and also three privates, were wounded. A Mr. Clarke was killed on the ground. The engagement lasted about 15 minutes, when the Indians retreated, leaving five of their dead behind.—Floridian.

A thrilling incident occurred at the citizens' meeting following the capture of New Albany.

The horses attached to one of the bachelors became refractory as they were passing along by Falling Ban, and sprang off the bank which is 20 or 30 feet carrying with them the hack containing three ladies and a gentleman besides the driver. Wonderful to relate, the hack was broken into atoms, and none of the individuals materially injured although turning a complete summerset before reaching the bottom.

At an Election held yesterday for Finance Directors of the Charleston Insurance and Trust Company, the following gentlemen were elected:

1. T. S. Street

2. J. H. Hunter

3. J. H. Hunter

4. J. H. Hunter

5. J. H. Hunter

6. J. H. Hunter

7. J. H. Hunter

8. J. H. Hunter

9. J. H. Hunter

10. J. H. Hunter

11. J. H. Hunter

12. J. H. Hunter

13. J. H. Hunter

14. J. H. Hunter

15. J. H. Hunter

16. J. H. Hunter

17. J. H. Hunter

18. J. H. Hunter

19. J. H. Hunter

20. J. H. Hunter

21. J. H. Hunter

22. J. H. Hunter

23. J. H. Hunter